

NOTICE.

As the POCHE DAILY RECORD will hereafter be run by the RECORD PUBLISHING COMPANY, all advertisements from this date must be settled with said company only. No one is authorized to contract for advertising space in this paper without the written order of R. S. CROWLEY, RECORD PUBLISHING COMPANY, POCHE, December 24th, 1875.

THE FUNDING ACT OF 1873.

Yesterday the Hon. H. Rives, presiding over the District Court, rendered his decision in the case entitled the Odd Fellows' Savings & Commercial Bank against Miles Quillen, County Treasurer of Lincoln county. The object of the proceeding was to cause a writ of mandamus to issue, commanding the Treasurer to draw on the general fund for such amount as the interest fund may be deficient, in order to pay the interest on the bonds issued under the Funding Act of 1873, which became due on the first of January last. The Court, after hearing the pleadings read, the testimony of the witnesses and the arguments of counsel, decided that the peremptory writ should and would be granted, but suspended the issuance thereof until Thursday next (to-morrow). As there is, we understand, only about \$6,000 or \$7,000 in the interest fund, the balance necessary to raise the amount in the interest fund to the sum required (about \$18,000) must be transferred from the general fund. As the amount required will be about \$11,000, it will sweep the general fund and probably keep it bare for some time. It is stated that the County Commissioners do not intend to further contest the matter. Whether the holders of accounts allowed on the general fund propose to do so is not yet known. They will have to make up their minds by to-morrow (Thursday) morning.

It is refreshing to find that at last one correspondent of a newspaper suggests a sensible remedy for the silver difficulty. When people unite on finances, they generally form illustrations of what the Scotchman said about the men who discussed metaphysics. The man who was speaking did not know what he was talking about and the man who was listening was in no better condition. It is therefore a comfort when some one severs himself from the mass of proxy twaddlers and offers a reasonable and available suggestion. This is done by "Specie" who in a letter addressed to and published in the S. F. Alta advises that trade dollars be made a legal tender for any amount. This will solve the silver difficulty at once, and be a long step towards the resumption of specie payments. The proposition has the great merit of making a legal tender of a coin, that is very nearly if not quite worth its face, which is a great advance, upon investing a mass of intrinsically worthless and irredeemable rags with the same, important powers. Making trade dollars a legal tender and enlarging the capacity of the Carson Mint for the production of these coins, would be no trying bonus to the miners of Nevada and would be of great advantage to the country at large. The anomalous spectacle of a country producing silver in such abundance as to cause a glut of coin formed from that metal and yet using a depreciated and irredeemable fractional currency, would also be avoided and would be a gain of no small amount.

At the banquet given to Senator Sharon on the 8th instant, at San Francisco, the bill of fare was engraved on plates of solid silver in size 6 1/4 x 1 1/4 inches, and of the thickness of a quarter-dollar piece. On one side of the plate was engraved, "Dinner to Hon. William Sharon, by his old friends of the Comstock lode, Palace Hotel, San Francisco, February 8th, 1876." On the reverse appeared the bill of fare. Each guest on leaving took with him this costly memento of the occasion.

May a man marry his own step-daughter? is the inquiry propounded by James Parton, the author. That gentleman replied in the affirmative and forthwith added practice to theory by marrying his deceased wife's daughter. This proceeding being forbidden by the laws of Massachusetts, James is now in trouble, as is also his newly married daughter, wife, or whatever she is, her legal status as regards the marital tie being very mixed.

Chief Justice White of Utah has left that Territory for Alabama on business. The Salt Lake Tribune says:

We wish no harm to the Judge, but we hope he will never return. He is not a cheerful personage, he does not adore the bench with his presence, his deafness has already ruined the voices of most of our attorneys and his perversity and incompressible crochets, have created in them all a deplorable habit of profanity.

In a letter to the New York Herald General W. T. Sherman states that he is and will not be a candidate for the Presidency. He announces himself in favor of Governor Hayes of Ohio. It is a comfort that the distinguished men of all parties unite in considering that Grant should not again be a candidate.

Dr. Kennedy is still a power in England, to kick up a row, if for nothing else. At the opening of Parliament he went down to the house so peculiarly equipped and attended, that it nearly provoked a riot.

Carson Hill, in Calaveras County, which has been so long abandoned is again being explored. Deposits of extremely rich gold quartz are being found in extent and value equal to its very palmy days.

General Butler has been relating his adventurous history to a correspondent of the Philadelphia Times.

A new line of steamers has been organized to run between Galway and New York.

Half a prisoner confined in the Utah Penitentiary made his escape on the 9th inst.

The St. Louis Republican says that Spencer of Alabama and West of Louisiana are a nice pair of Senators. Yes, they are a nice pair, well adapted to the Penitentiary but somewhat out of place in the Senate of the United States.

NEVADA NEWS.

The Richmond Company shipped on the 11th seven bars of bullion, valued at \$13,903.25, to San Francisco.

During the late snow-storm the White Pine News says that the stage running from Hamilton to Eureka had a tough time getting through.

Referring to the death of Dan Morgan the Eureka Sentinel says: The town flags are at half-mast, the engine houses draped, and a feeling of respect and sorrow is universally expressed.

The White Pine News states that a large number of cattle have died from the effects of the cold snow-storms. The late storm will help to increase the mortality.

The White Pine News says that locality on Tuesday last was favored with another big snow-storm. The News states that for the time the storm lasted, it was the severest of any this winter, and the coldest.

We find from the White Pine News of the 12th that Dr. Brooks has just received the documents for a patent to his Emerald Isle mine. Louis York has also received a patent to the Sunbeam mine. Both mines are located on Treasure Hill.

A few days since a woman residing on Treasure Hill took an overdose. Astonishingly she was all that saved her life. Her love of life is said to have been the cause of her taking the drug. So says the White Pine News of the 12th instant.

Captain F. Drake, Superintendent of the Eberhardt & Aurora, has left White Pine on a visit to London, England. The object of his journey is to induce his company to undertake some extensive operations on Treasure Hill, which his past successful explorations would seem to warrant.

Mining matters in Ward District, White Pine county, are looking up. The News of the 12th says: Intelligence has just reached us that a rich and extensive strike has been made in the third level of the Paymaster mine in Ward District. We understand that it is the first ore that has been found in that particular locality of the mine.

By the Carson Appeal of the 9th we find that John A. Thompson of Alpine County, California, known by his exploits as Snow-shoe Thompson, is in this city at present. He was occupied yesterday in obtaining signatures to a petition asking Congress to pay him the modest sum of six thousand dollars for his services as a mail carrier across the Sierra.

From the Eureka Sentinel of the 12th we learn that the obsequies of the late Daniel Morgan took place yesterday afternoon, and were attended by a large number of the friends of the deceased, who united in tendering this last tribute of respect to the dead. The funeral cortege was one of the largest that we have ever witnessed in the town.

The Eureka Sentinel says they are informed from a reliable source that Mark Moore, one of the prisoners who escaped from the Eureka County Jail a couple of weeks ago, was seen at Groom District in the early part of last week. He came into that camp nearly famished with cold and hunger. He gave his name as "Read," but was recognized by several persons, but no steps were taken for his arrest. He left shortly afterwards.

In its issue of the 12th, the Eureka Sentinel says: Day before yesterday a couple of men left here about for Tybo, stopping for the night at a house in Flinto. After supper one of the men was taken with a fit, and after he came out of it, evinced such evident symptoms of insanity that his companion left him behind in charge of the people of the house.

O. F. Horn, and old Austinite, the Eureka Sentinel of the 12th says, had his leg broken a few days ago in San Francisco. He was standing on the steps of his lodging-house, and as he stepped aside to let a person pass, he slipped and broke the bone of his leg in the same place where it was broken several years ago in Austin.

The Eureka Sentinel of the 14th says: A report was circulated about town last evening that there was trouble among the miners on Ruby Hill. A number of claims are said to have been jumped and the jumpers maintain a fighting interest thereto. It is stated some shooting had been indulged in, but with what result could not be ascertained.

From the Carson Appeal of the 9th we learn that two lads at the Orphan's Home, Frederick and Alexander Hook, have fallen heirs to a small bit of property amounting to about \$500. They inherit this from their father who died recently. Mr. George B. Webb, Superintendent of the Home, has been appointed guardian of these small capitalists and their wee dab of a fortune.

The Austin Reveller of the 8th says: George F. Dinmore, of this city, sent a lot of rock from the Phenician lode, Bunker Hill district to Joseph Barnett, at Salt Lake, who is a joint owner in the mine. Mr. Barnett had an assay made of the ore, the certificate of which was received in this city this morning. Following is the result: Silver per ton, \$2,119.36; gold per ton, \$301.46; total assay value, \$2,420.72 per ton.

The flouring mill question is settled and the Elko Independent is happy. That paper says: The question of the establishing of a flouring mill at this place has, we are glad to learn, been definitely settled by the prompt action of Messrs. Ainley and Bobier, who have already agreed to have a first-class mill in Elko, complete in readiness for this year's crop, having signed articles to that effect with our leading merchants.

The Elko Independent thus delivers itself against the "Heathen Chinese." It has become painfully apparent that, in this locality at least, a humble Caucasian has no rights which a blasted Chinaman is bound to respect, and therefore, we presume the only alternative left to citizens for the protection of their homes and property is to devoutly pray to the great Confucius, beseeching him to call his followers home or send out a destroying angel to twist the infernal curves of their minds.

Judicial matters in White Pine county seem a little mixed. The News of the 12th says: County Clerk Forrest on Monday last certified to Governor Bradley that there was a vacancy in the District Judgeship for this term, on account of the illness of Judge Cole at Eureka. Section 31 of an "Act Concerning the Courts of Justice of this State and Judicial Officers," as approved January 26,

1875, makes it the duty of the County Clerk, when the Judge of the District is not present, or will not be during the term, to notify the Governor of such vacancy. We suppose the Governor will appoint some one to act for Judge Cole during this term of Court.

The Belmont Courier says the South Barcelona Mining Company are feeling jubilant over the strike made a few days since in their tunnel. Parties who have visited the mine, since the strike, represent it as being the best prospect they have seen in the district. Louis Fidanza, who was there shortly after the foot-wall was cut through, explains his views of the bonanza in this way: "My God! it is one big thing; six feet high; six feet wide; the tunnel; all mineral in the face; all mineral on one side from the foot-wall; all mineral on the top and bottom of the tunnel; plenty of water when they cut the foot-wall through. Now then, they run alongside the foot-wall, all mineral I see, and it shines like one looking-glass."

BY TELEGRAPH.

SPECIAL TO THE POCHE DAILY RECORD, BY WESTERN UNION LINE.

EASTERN DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—I. J. D. Fuller died yesterday in Virginia. He was 4 times elected to Congress and in 1857 was appointed Second Auditor of the Treasury by President Buchanan.

New York, Feb. 15.—Frederick A. Dockray, whose case was the cause of Minister Cushing's demand on Spain for the former gentleman's release and the observance of the treaty of 1874 and '75 tells the following story of his escape. He says that on November 19 he was informed that the Spanish authorities had remanded him to the old prison in the convent. Reporting to the local officials he was told they had no information on the subject. Freed from his parole and not yet impressed he thought now or never was his opportunity to escape, and by day next morning he was on board an American brig lying in the harbor. That night he was carried to a French steamer bound for Marseilles, but was informed no passengers would be taken. On the following evening when it was dark and rainy he tried to board a British steamer, rowing towards her in an open boat. A shot struck close to him and one man said that must be an American who escaped. The next night he got on board the British steamer, but on arriving at Denia 50 miles south of Valencia the Captain becoming alarmed insisted on handing him over to the Captain of the Felucca who came on board and, persuaded by ten dollars and a bottle of brandy consented to take Dockray on board the Felucca. Sailed for Gibraltar and encountered a severe gale which blew for 8 days and the vessel was blown over to the African Coast. The Felucca put in at Tangiers. Thence he went to Gibraltar, where he put himself under the protection of the British flag. From Gibraltar he went to London and thence to this city.

CHICAGO, Feb. 15.—A times Washington special says General Ord was before the Military Committee in regard to the transfer of Indian affairs to the War Department, and was inclined to think the project wasn't advisable. General Sheridan is going before the Committee to-day having been requested to come to Washington and have a council of war with Colonels and Generals of the Military Committee. Sherman and Hancock are also coming and quite a reunion will be held in the city.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Senate.—The Chaplain in his opening prayer said: "We humbly beseech Thee to pardon us; we humbly pray Thee to help us out of stagnation of business and out of distress and misery of poor. May the moral character of this people shine forth as the sun."

Sherman, from the Committee on Finance, reported adversely on the Senate bill to authorize deposits by clerks and other officers of courts in banks and other designated depositories. Placed on the calendar with adverse report at request of Wright.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The Chair laid before the Senate a communication from the Secretary of War inclosing the final report of Major G. K. Warren, of the Corps of Engineers, on the improvement of water communication between the Mississippi river and Lake Michigan, along the valley of the Fox and Wisconsin rivers. Ordered printed with the accompanying maps and referred to the Committee on Transportation Routes.

Hitchcock, from the Committee on Territories, reported favorably on the Senate bill to enable the people of New Mexico to form a Constitution and a State Government and for the admission of the State into the Union, with a written report. Ordered printed and bill placed on calendar.

HORNS.—James, of Kentucky, offered a resolution reciting that the act of March, 1869, to strengthen the public credit and providing for the payment in coin of the interest on the 5-20 bonds was virtually a violation of the various acts under which these bonds were issued and at variance with the platforms of the Democratic and Republican parties in '68; that such act of '69 was passed without consideration and was therefore repugnant to the will of any subsequent Congress; that it was unjust, unequal and oppressive legislation, greatly increasing the amount to be paid by the Government and used to the benefit of the bondholders and capitalists and to a positive detriment of the people; therefore, resolved, that the act of the 18th of March, '69, be repealed. The resolution was referred to the Committee on Banking and Currency. Garfield suggested it should go the Committee of Ways and Means. The Speaker said in view of the accumulation of business it didn't make much difference what committee it went to.

Gause offered a resolution calling on the Attorney General and Secretary of the Interior to transmit to the House certified copies of papers and records in their respective departments relating to

the complicity of W. P. Ross, formerly Cherokee Indian Delegate, in the alleged Indian frauds of J. W. Wright. Adopted. DENVER, Col., Feb. 15.—The Constitutional Convention, after two days of earnest discussion, adopted a chapter on elective franchise, which requires the first State Legislature to provide by enactment for the submission of the woman suffrage question to a vote of the people. This is regarded as favorable by advocates of the measure, who claim a powerful constituency in Colorado, whilst the experiment in Wyoming on the north has justified the privilege. In Kansas women suffrage exists as to all school offices.

PACIFIC COAST.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 15.—In the Interior Press Convention yesterday and last evening resolutions were adopted denouncing the system of patent outsiders and supplements. A resolution refusing after three months to exchange with papers printed in that manner was tabled after a sharp debate. Some discussion took place with regard to the matter of establishing facilities for collecting and transmitting telegraphic news, but no action was taken. The Convention is still in session, and will probably finish its business to-day.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 15.—The Press Convention adopted articles of incorporation to-day in substance as follows: "Associated Country Press of California," object, to solicit advertisements and subscriptions and to transact all business connected with the same; capital stock \$2,000, in one hundred shares of \$20 each. The Convention then proceeded to the election of five trustees. The following were declared duly elected by ballot: Thomas L. Thompson, Santa Rosa; F. K. Krauth, Alameda; Theodore Glancey, Placer; G. W. Gift, Napa; W. Scudder, Sonoma. On motion it was agreed that when the Convention adjourned it would adjourn to meet in San Francisco on Monday, March 2, 1876, at which time it is expected the by-laws will be adopted. It was understood also that the Press Association of Editors and Publishers of the entire State would be formed at that time. After some unimportant business the Convention adjourned.

CARSON, Feb. 15.—No session of the Board of State Prison Commissioners was held to-day. Gov. Bradley being unwell and Hon. Chas. E. De Long not being present.

Hon. Wm. Sharon, U. S. Senator for this State, passed through here on his way to Washington this evening. No public reception was tendered him.

FOREIGN NEWS.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—Viscount Hirschbrock was elected to Parliament to-day from Huntingdon and Gadmanchester. He favors the union of church and state and religious teaching in schools.

The Morning Post says rumors have been about the past few days to the effect that telegrams have past passing between President Grant and Minister Schenck concerning the latter's resignation. Some of these reports distinctly state Schenck has been asked to resign, and others that he intends standing by him.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 15.—The American Consul at Rotterdam telegraphs Winslow is arrested in London, and that he declares his wife has more money than she admitted. All will be seized and delivered to me.

ROME, Feb. 15.—The Pope has granted a dispensation for the marriage of the daughter of Sculptor Story, a Protest, with Commendatore Perazzi, Catholic, and brother of the Syndic of Florence. The grant is mentioned as a remarkable exception to a rule never before broken during the Pontificate of Pius IX. Some extreme Ultramontanes are highly displeased.

HOTELS & RESTAURANTS.

SAN JOSE HOTEL,

MAIN STREET.

POCNE NEVADA.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING LEASED this popular House, has had the same thoroughly renovated and repaired. The

ROOMS ARE LARGE

AND WELL VENTILATED; THE

TABLE

Will be supplied with the best market affords, and no pains spared to make guests comfortable and at home.

THE BATHS

Will be supplied with hot and cold water. Charges reasonable.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

A. D. MILLER, Prop'r.

July 11th, 1875. jyl-tf

NEW YORK BAKERY

AND—

RESTAURANT

LACOUR STREET, POCHE.

HERMAN HORST, Proprietor.

PRIVATE ROOMS ELEGANTLY AND NEWLY furnished for Dinners, Ball Supper and Wedding Parties.

—Meals at All Hours.—

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT for the accommodation of the Public.

MISS SADIE ROBINSON,

TEACHER OF

INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC,

DESIRES TO GIVE LESSONS ON THE PIANO FORTE to a few Pupils. Terms reasonable. Application can be made at the residence of Miss C. Johnson, where all information as to terms, etc., will be given. j2-3w

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT of the Justice Court of POCHE Township, Lincoln County, State of Nevada, to me directed and delivered on a judgment rendered in said Court on the 10th day of February, A. D. 1876, in favor of the State of Nevada and against John Doe, Richard Roe and Johanna Doscher, for the sum of ninety-four and one-half cents (\$94.50-100) gold coin dollars, delinquent taxes for the fiscal year 1875, together with the sum of fifty-four and six-eighths cents (\$54.75-100) gold coin dollars costs of suit, and all accruing costs and interest. I have levied upon, and shall expose for sale at public auction, in front of the Court-house of Lincoln County, the following described property, to wit: Lot number eight (8), fronting on Main street, in block number sixteen (16), in the Town of Pioche, together with the improvements thereon.

Notice is hereby given that I will, on Tuesday, the 14th day of March, A. D. 1876,

Sell all the right, title, interest and claim of the said John Doe, Richard Roe and Johanna Doscher, in and to the said above described property, in front of the said Court-house at Pioche, Lincoln County, State of Nevada, at 12 o'clock m. of said day, for cash in hand in U. S. gold coin, to the highest and best bidder, to satisfy said execution and all costs and interest.

Dated: February 15th, 1876, Pioche, Lincoln County, Nevada.

ANDREW FIFE, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT of the Justice Court of POCHE Township, Lincoln County, State of Nevada, to me directed and delivered, for a judgment rendered in said Court on the 15th day of January, A. D. 1876, in favor of the State of Nevada, and against the Hercules Mine and Mining claim, John Doe and Richard Roe, for the sum of seventy-five and one-half gold coin dollars taxes, together with fifty-nine and one-half gold coin dollars costs, and all accruing costs and interest, I have levied on the following property, to wit: All the right, title, interest in and to the mine known as the Hercules Mine, situated and located in Bristol Mining District, Lincoln County, Nevada, also all the tunnels, drifts, shafts, stops and all the appurtenances belonging or appertaining to said mine.

Notice is hereby given that on Monday, the 13th day of March, A. D. 1876,

I will sell all the right, title and interest of said Hercules mine and mining claim, John Doe and Richard Roe, and to the above described property, at the Court-house door, at Pioche, Lincoln County, at 12 o'clock m., at public auction, for cash in hand, to the highest and best bidder, to satisfy said execution and all costs and interest in gold coin.

Dated Pioche, Feb. 9th, 1876.

ANDREW FIFE, Sheriff.

DEXTER LIVERY STABLE,

MEADOW VALLEY STREET.

FROM THIS DATE, ALL TEAMS, BUGGIES, ROCKAWAYS, &c., &c., will be let at a GREATLY REDUCED PRICE.

Call and judge for yourselves whether they are not cheap.

Cheaper than the Cheapest.

PRICE \$10.00.

j2-20-tf

GEO. C. JOHNSTON, Proprietor.

DEXTER LIVERY STABLE,

MEADOW VALLEY STREET.

POCNE, NEVADA.

GEO. C. JOHNSTON, PROPRIETOR.

CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND TO LET ON short notice—

Teams, Buggies and Saddle Horses.

At Low Rates.

Stock boarded by the day or week, and carefully groomed.

At Low Rates.

J. LEVIN & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Imported and Domestic Cigars,

TOBACCOES,

STATIONERY, - SCHOOL BOOKS

And a Large Assortment of CONFECTIONERY.

One Door below Ph. Felsenthal's Store Building, facing Meadow Valley Street.

Main Street, Pioche.

j2-14-tf

E. A. FARGO & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND

JOBBERS OF

BRANDIES,

WINES AND LIQUORS,

216 Front street, Corner of Commercial, San Francisco, Cal.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE co-partnership heretofore existing between Frank Wheeler and Geo. W. Arnold, under the firm name of Frank Wheeler & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent, Frank Wheeler retiring from the firm. The business will be continued by Geo. W. Arnold, who assumes all liabilities and will collect all debts due the late firm.

Pioche, February 8th, 1876.

FRANK WHEELER, GEO. W. ARNOLD.

To the Unfortunate.

NEW REMEDIES! NEW REMEDIES!

DR. GIBBON'S DISPENSARY

No. 423 KERNAN STREET, CORNER Commercial, San Francisco.

Private entrance on Commercial street.

Established in 1854, for the treatment of Sexual and Venereal Diseases, such as Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis in all its forms, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, etc., etc. Skin diseases of years standing, and Ulcerated Legs, etc., successfully treated.

DR. GIBBON has the pleasure of announcing that he has returned from visiting the principal Hospitals of Europe, and has resumed practice.

The Doctor has spared neither time nor money in seeking out new remedies, and has returned with increased facilities for alleviating human suffering.

Seminal Weakness.

Seminal weakness is consequence of self abuse. This sollicit, vice, or depraved sexual indulgence, is practiced by the youth of both sexes to an almost unlimited extent, producing with unerring certainty the following train of morbid symptoms, unless combated by scientific medical measures, viz: Sallow countenance, dark spots under the eyes, pain in the head, ringing in the ears, noise like the rustling of leaves or rattling of chariot wheels, uneasiness about the loins, weakness of the limbs, confused vision, blurred intellect, loss of confidence, diffidence in approaching strangers, a dislike to form new acquaintances, a disposition to shun society, loss of memory, pimples and various eruptions about the face, hectic flushes, furred tongue, foetid breath, coughs, consumption, night sweats, monomanias and frequently insanity. If relief is not obtained, you should apply immediately, either in person or by letter, and have a cure effected by his new and scientific mode of treating disease, which never fails of effecting a quick and radical cure.

Cured at Home.

Persons at a distance may be CURED AT HOME, by addressing a letter to Dr. Gibbon, stating case, symptoms, and mode of cure. The disease has continued, and have medicine promptly forwarded, free from damage and curiosity, in any part of the country, with full and plain directions for use.

Persons writing to the Doctor will please state the name of the paper they see this advertisement in.

By enclosing \$10 in coin in a registered letter through the Postoffice, or through Wells, Fargo & Co., or by draft on New York, will be forwarded to any part of the Union.

All communications strictly confidential.

Box 1267, San Francisco, Cal.

421-17

CLOTHING WAR!
CLOTHING WAR!

War to the Knife!
War to the Knife!
War to the Knife!

JOSEPH RICH,

The Great Opposition Clothier of Pioche,

Will not Stop Until he Breaks the

Clothing Monopoly.

DOWN WITH PRICES!
DOWN WITH PRICES!
DOWN WITH PRICES!
MUST BE! SHALL BE! AS

JOSEPH RICH,

OF THE OPPOSITION CLOTHING STORE IS IN THE FIELD.

DOWN! (SO SAYS THE OPPOSITION STORE) WITH PRICES!

Suits of English Goods for \$12, worth \$18,
At JOS. RICH'S.

SUITS OF ENGLISH GOODS FOR \$13, WORTH \$20,
At JOS. RICH'S.

BEAVER SACK SUITS FOR \$18, WORTH \$25,
At JOS. RICH'S.

BEAVER FROCK SUITS FOR \$19, WORTH \$30,
AT JOSEPH RICH'S.

OVERCOATS FOR \$10, WORTH \$17, AT JOSEPH RICH'S.
CHINCHILLA SACK COATS FOR \$8, WORTH \$15, AT JOS. RICH'S.
SUITS MADE TO ORDER \$45, WORTH \$75, AT JOSEPH RICH'S.
SUITS MADE TO ORDER FOR \$30, WORTH \$45 AT JOS. RICH'S.

Twenty Dozen French Black Dressing Pants at \$7, Worth